BILLION

productive

ABSENTEEISM

WORKPLACE DRUG AND ALCOHOL ABUSE MAY POTENTIALLY COST

100

U.S. BUSINESSES AN ESTIMATED

WORKERS COMPENSATION

MEDICAL COSTS

substance abusers incur

300 percent higher medical cost than nonabusers

38 percent to 50 percent of all Workers.

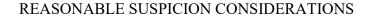
Compensation claims are related to substance abuse in the workplace, as substance abusers file three to five times as many Workers Compensation claims. NCADI Graphic

EACH YEAR

Substance abusers are 2.5 times more likely to be absent eight or more days a year

LOST PRODUCTIVITY

Substance abusers are 1/3 less



10,000 foot view

Champaign County

Supervisor Toolkit

- Document all received complaints
- Document all observed behaviors that are concerning
- Be cognizant of patterns of behaviors
- Focus on performance & use the appropriate improvement/discipline process
- Seek support and don't delay

Who can document observed behavior

• Anyone & everyone



• Observers should clearly document their observations, including any concerning behaviors. The documented observations should be as specific as possible in their descriptions but not attempt to diagnose the situation.

to 50%

80%

300%

- Supervisors should clearly document how observed behaviors impact performance and safety
- Supervisors should clearly document related concerns regarding safety and liability.
- Supervisors should clearly document and communicate clear expectations for approved performance, timelines, and consequences of non-compliance.

Serious issue (SAMSA)

- Substance abusers file 3–5 times as many Workers Comp claims.
- 38%–50% of all Workers Comp claims are related to substance abuse in the workplace.
- Substance abusers incur 300% higher medical costs than non-abusers.
- Workers with alcohol problems were 2.7 times more likely to have injury-related absences.
- Substance abusers are 1/3 less productive.
- Increased liability risks, such as lost productivity, absenteeism, injuries, fatalities, theft, low employee morale, increase in health care costs, legal liabilities, increased workers' compensation costs, etc.

Considerations

- There are illnesses, medications, disabilities, and physiological conditions that can resemble stereotypical characteristics of being under the influence.
- Under some circumstances, substance abuse may be considered a serious health condition.
- An employee who needs help may be just that a person who needs help.

Example support for employees

- Clearly defined expectations
- Accountability
- Improvement/discipline process
- Paid and unpaid time off
- FMLA
- In/out-patient treatment
- LifeWorks EAP
- And more

Example support for supervisors

- Industry-specific regulations and guidelines
- Improvement/discipline process
- Managers, Department Heads, and Elected Officials
- Administrative Services
- State's Attorney's office
- LifeWorks EAP
- And more

Resources to learn more / Resources used to compile this overview

- Comprehensive reasonable suspicion training
 <u>https://www.wasbo.com//images/WASBO/Documents/6/Handouts/SC2017_ReasonableSuspicionTraining.pdf</u>
- Books
 - Effectively Managing Troublesome Employees, McAfee & Champagne
- SHRM resource <u>https://www.shrm.org/resourcesandtools/tools-and-samples/how-to-guides/pages/documentingreasonablesuspicion.aspx</u>
- Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration
 <u>https://www.samhsa.gov/data/sites/default/files/cbhsq-</u>
 <u>reports/NSDUHNationalFindingsReport2018/NSDUHNationalFindingsReport2018.pdf</u>
 <u>https://www.samhsa.gov/data/report/2017-2018-nsduh-state-prevalence-estimates</u>